

## THE BEST COOKS

are secured through Republic  
"Want" ads.  
14 words or less 10c.  
Any druggist will take your ad.

## THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

WORLD'S FAIR—NOW OPEN CLOSING DEC. 1.

## RENT YOUR ROOMS

through Republic "Want" ads.  
14 words or less 10c.  
All druggists take them.

NINETY-SEVENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1904.

PRICE 10c. In St. Louis One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Train, Three Cents.

C. S. CLARKE AND A. G. COCHRAN NAMED  
VICE PRESIDENTS OF MISSOURI PACIFIC

C. S. CLARKE.  
Added to the list of Missouri Pacific vice presidents, making a total of five.  
George J. Gould, president of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, announces from the St. Louis headquarters the appointment of Charles S. Clarke, superintendent of transportation of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company, to be vice president of the Missouri Pacific and St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railway companies, in charge of general operations and affairs, and the promotion of Alexander G. Cochran, general solicitor, to the position of vice president, in charge of legal affairs and general contract relations.  
The circulars are dated September 25. It is stated that the appointments are to take effect immediately.  
While Mr. Clarke succeeds to the position made vacant by Russell Harding, according to the circular, his duties are confined only to those of vice president in charge of general operations, and he is not vested with the title of general manager, as was Mr. Harding.  
From this, and the fact that the vacancy caused by the resignation of Manager William C. Coker has not been filled, it is conjectured that a general manager will

ALEXANDER G. COCHRAN.  
be appointed and the office of manager will be abolished.  
Mr. Clarke departed last night from Mobile for St. Louis, and it is expected that as soon as he arrives he will take up the duties of his new position.  
The position which Mr. Cochran will occupy was created for him. The vice president of the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain and Southern railway companies are Edwin Gould, C. G. Warner, C. S. Clarke, A. C. Bird and A. G. Cochran.  
Mr. Clarke was born July 16, 1862, at Frederick, Md., and was educated at St. Louis College, New Orleans. He entered railway service in 1882, as machinist apprentice, on the Illinois Central. He rose rapidly in the engineering department, and in 1899 was appointed division superintendent of the Mobile and Ohio, which position he held until 1902, when he was appointed to his present position.  
Mr. Cochran was born in Allegheny City, Pa., August 23, 1847. He entered railway service as general solicitor of the Missouri Pacific in 1883, which position he has held uninterruptedly ever since. Mr. Cochran is a resident of St. Louis, while Mr. Clarke has his residence in Mobile, Ala.

WHITEMAN ESCAPES  
BY JUMPING FROM  
A MOVING TRAIN

Former Mayor of Duluth Arrested in St. Louis for Forgery Regains His Liberty in New York.

## BOLDNESS STARTLES GUARDS.

Prisoner Breaks Loose, Runs Into Stateroom, Locks Door, and Leaps Through Window.

## SECURES TWO HOURS' START.

Engine Stops as Soon as Alarm Is Given, and Officers With Police and Citizens Give Chase to the Fugitive.

WHITEMAN FUGITIVE.  
Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 29.—Alonso J. Whiteman, former Mayor of Duluth, who was arrested in St. Louis last week on a charge of forgery of a check for \$700, preferred by a Buffalo bank, jumped through a window of a moving train at Dunkirk to-night, and up to a late hour has not been captured.  
Train No. 42 on the New York Central was two hours late, and arrived at Dunkirk at 6:15. The two officers, Detective Sergeant Solomon of Buffalo, and Fields of the Pinkerton staff, were walking up and down the aisle with Whiteman, so that they might have exercise.  
When opposite an open stateroom door Whiteman sprang through, slammed the spring lock and went through the window.  
Whiteman had two hours' start, as the conductor would stop the train until Silver Creek was reached at 7:15. The detectives, Albert Solomon of Buffalo and Detective Fields of the Pinkerton staff, returned to Dunkirk on a westbound passenger train.  
The police and many citizens joined them in pursuing the fugitive.  
WHITEMAN IN ST. LOUIS.  
BOASTED OF CLEVER WORK.  
Alonso J. Whiteman was arrested in St. Louis last Sunday night as he was boarding a car near the Jefferson Hotel, Twelfth and Locust streets. With him at the time was Marie De Witt, who at first said she was from New York, but later admitted that St. Louis was her home. She was at the matrimonial room at the Four Courts one day, but was released, as Whiteman said that she was innocent of any wrong doing, and nothing could be proved against her.  
While at the Four Courts Whiteman, in a boastful way, practically admitted his guilt as a forger, but talked in a manner to convey the impression that his acts were extraordinarily clever. He made references to never having seen the inside of a prison, where other men would have been serving time.  
Whiteman was arrested at the request of the Buffalo police, who had been tracing him for some time through different parts of Canada and the United States before locating him here. He was a college graduate, at one time a millionaire, and prominent in politics in Wisconsin several years ago. He was also a pioneer in financial matters, and played for high stakes. One winter in Milwaukee, it is said, he won \$30,000 in the wheat market, and then lost it all making a book at one of the Eastern race tracks.  
The crime with which he is charged is obtaining \$300 from the Fidelity Trust Bank of Buffalo through forging the name of E. Hubbard, of Roycroft fame.  
Whiteman, it is said, sent a \$300 forged check to the bank by a messenger, who was instructed to state that Hubbard was sick and could not come to the bank himself. The check was placed to the credit of Hubbard, and the next day the same messenger appeared at the bank with a check drawn for \$300 and supposedly signed by Hubbard. The amount was paid, and it proved to be a swindle.  
The crime was traced, it is said, to Whiteman.

TOBACCO DECISION  
AGAINST THE TRUST

Treasury Department Rules in Favor of the Independent Manufacturers.

## STAMP ON BOTTOM OF BOX.

Imported Label Will Be Much Smaller and Less Conspicuous Than the One in Use.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.  
Washington, Sept. 29.—The Tobacco Trust was defeated to-day when the decision of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor in the question of a change in the customs stamps affixed to boxes of imported cigars was handed down.  
The decision sustains the action of Assistant Secretary Armstrong, who recently issued a new stamp for the boxes of imported cigars. This action was taken because the existing stamp, though had been in vogue for about thirty-five years, was unfair to certain tobacco interests of the country, in which opinion Secretary Shaw concurred.  
Subsequently, however, Mr. Armstrong gave the interests concerned another opportunity to present their respective sides of the case and, after listening to argument, decided that nothing had been developed to justify the suspension of his order for a changed stamp. This action, of course, displeased the representatives of the American Tobacco Company—or the tobacco Trust—and the matter was taken to President Roosevelt, who, through Assistant Secretary Taylor, then Acting Secretary, ordered the case reopened.  
Assistant Secretary Taylor's decision, which is said to meet with the President's approval, having been arrived at after referred conferences with him, cannot fail to afford the independent cigar and tobacco makers great satisfaction. It is a clear victory over the Tobacco Trust. The action differs from that of Assistant Secretary Armstrong only in that, instead of the new stamp the same color as the internal revenue stamp, provision is made for a distinctive stamp. The stamps to be less conspicuous and will be placed on the bottom of the box, but at the same time as the present stamp. The decision also out that anybody can see the stamp upon investigation.  
The matter had assumed a political aspect. The Government was placed in an embarrassing light. A decision one way was bound to offend powerful interests. On the one hand it was a question of \$20,000 votes more or less, and on the other that of a liberal campaign conduct. However, it apparently was an out-and-out fight against the Tobacco Trust, the political exigencies of the moment being forgotten. The decision was made public and the case at length.

ANTIFOREIGN  
WAR THREATENED

New Secret Society Organized in Three Chinese Provinces for an Uprising.

## BOXER METHODS FOLLOWED.

Viceroy Yuen Ordered to Suppress Movement at Request of Ministers—Eight Thousand Troops at Hand.

SPECIAL BY CABLE TO THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC AND THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
Peking, Sept. 29.—(Copyright, 1904.)—Since May there has been increasing unrest among the natives in South Chi-Li, North Honan and West Shan-Tung districts.  
A new antiforeign society, the T'ai-Yuan, has been formed, similar to the "Boxers," with many members.  
The movement is spreading rapidly, even during the present harvesting of good crops. The situation is much the same as in 1900 without the famine incentive. The South Chi-Li Mission of the Canadian Presbyterian Church and the mission of the American Board are in the infected region. The principal centers of agitation are Chang-To-Fu, in Honan; Shun-To-Fu and To-Wing-Fu, in Chi-Li; and Tun-Gu, in Shan-Tung.  
Placards of the new society being circulated are identical with the placards of the Boxers, with the following addition:  
"If every member will distribute thirty copies we shall become as numerous as the stars, and on October 17, the Chung-Yang festival, all foreigners will be destroyed."  
The membership of the T'ai-Yuan includes clerks, laymen, officials, Buddhist priests and rich and influential natives. The fact of laymen subordinating being members of the society renders adverse action of the magistrates difficult.  
The American, British and French Ministers have notified the Viceroy of the above facts, and the Viceroy has ordered Viceroy Yuen to suppress the society. The same Viceroy suppressed the Boxer movement in Shan-Tung in 1900. The foreign Ministers have confidence in his ability.  
The situation is not critical at present, but, owing to continued Japanese successes and with pro-Japanese sentiment now prevailing, all Chinese antiforeign movement may easily become uncontrollable. Fortunately, there are 8,000 foreign troops in Chi-Li.

SENATOR HOAR DIES  
EARLY THIS MORNING.

End Comes So Peacefully That Even Physicians Are Unaware of Exact Moment of Death.  
Worcester, Mass., Sept. 30.—George Frisbie Hoar, senior United States Senator from Massachusetts, died at his home in this city at 1:35 o'clock this (Friday) morning.  
The end followed a period of unconsciousness that had continued since early Tuesday and came so gently that only the attending physicians were aware of the exact moment of dissolution.  
The physicians despaired of the Senator's life six weeks ago, but such was the vitality exhibited by their distinguished patient that even they were surprised and the public was at times led to cherish a faith in ultimate recovery.

LEADING TOPICS  
TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC

For Missouri—Showers and cooler Friday; fair Saturday, warmer in northwest.

1. Secret of Water at Hot Springs.
2. Tobacco Decision Against the Trust.
3. Bribery Charges Set Pure Food Congress in Uproar.
4. Folk Makes Votes in Clinton County.
5. World's Fair News.
6. First Airship Trial to Be Made Next Week.
7. Cotton Trading Is Quiet.
8. Suburbanites in Reign of Terror.
9. Editorial.
10. Society Happenings.
11. \$20,000 Fire at Benton, Ill.
12. Visitation Rally Opens at Cabanne.
13. Real Estate Reports.
14. The Republic's Daily Racing Form Chart.
15. Race Results and Entries.
16. Athletics Win One, Browns the Other.
17. The Republic's "Want" Advertisements.
18. Birth, Marriage and Death Records.
19. Rooms for Rent Ads.
20. New Plan to Stop River Gambling.
21. Live Stock Markets.
22. Financial News.
23. Summary of St. Louis Markets.
24. Nebraska Bridgeburn 72, Bridge 3.
25. Perplexing Panama Problem Solved.
26. Anonymous Letter in Minister's Case.

## CHICAGO DAY SOUVENIR TICKETS PLACED ON SALE.



REPUBLIC SPECIAL.  
Chicago, Ill., Sept. 29.—Nearly 25,000 "Chicago Day" souvenir tickets to the St. Louis Exposition have been placed on sale. They were offered in all the hotels, drug stores and other public places. They are as nearly like the original "Chicago Day" tickets, admitting to the Columbian Exposition, as it was possible to

make them, and they have an engraving of old Fort Dearborn on the back. Inspired by the action of the railroads in granting a 5c rate for the round trip to St. Louis, the Chicago Day Committee renewed energy on its plot for making the attendance at the Fair on "Chicago Day" surpass that of "St. Louis Day." It was supposed that St. Louis might help. "One-fourth of the State is contiguous

to St. Louis," said one of the committee. "The people from that section, generally speaking, did not go to the Fair on St. Louis Day." The residents of St. Louis did not themselves attend in large numbers. We are going after all the people in the State, and we are going after St. Louisans also. Railroad tickets may be bought ahead of the days to which their use has been restricted."

ONLY BAD NEWS  
REACHES RUSSIA  
FROM FAR EAST

Japanese Have Port Arthur Now Perfectly Isolated and are Blockading Chefoo.

## FORTRESS IS COUNTERMINED.

Da Pass, Southeast of Mukden, Is Given Up by Kuropatkin After Slight Resistance.

## CHINESE BANDITS AGGRESSIVE

Russian Commander, It Is Believed, Is Drawing His Forces Away From Mountains Before Giving Battle.

STRENGTH BY CONSPIRACY.  
Tokio, Sept. 29.—At the Foreign Office this evening it was stated that the new conscription regulations will augment the available Japanese fighting force by about 24,000 men.  
A contemplated increase in the army involves a new scheme of divisional organization, the plan of which has not yet been disclosed.  
SPECIAL BY CABLE TO THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC AND THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.—(Copyright, 1904.) All Rights Reserved.—A feeling of uneasiness, aroused here, owing to the lack of definite news from Port Arthur and of good reports from General Kuropatkin, is growing rapidly. What adds to the tension is the fact that all reports coming in are of an unfavorable nature.  
Thus, it is reported that enormous bands of Hungheuses, well equipped, are only awaiting the moment when General Kuropatkin is engaged to march back on his rear, while the Chinese have developed an organized night and day spy service in favor of the Japanese. These spy services extend even into Port Arthur, whence every movement of the ships is forthwith reported to the Japanese.  
The latter have so perfected their blockade that not even a junk can pass. While re-enforced by all the ships that can possibly be put at his disposal, Admiral Togo has taken measures to prevent Admiral Wieren's fleet from escaping even to neutral ports.  
The latest news has been that the Japanese have countermined Port Arthur and annihilated 1,000 Russians.  
Kuropatkin is evidently drawing in his forces to the less mountainous country northward, where he may decide to give battle. In the meanwhile sharp fighting is regarded as imminent southeast of Mukden, whence the Japanese are expected to deliver their main attack, the flank movement from the west being of secondary importance.  
A special dispatch received here from Chefoo says three Japanese warships are blockading Chefoo. This evidently is untrue, the remainder of the city committee last night at the office of Justice of the Peace Frank Kleber, No. 110 Chouteau avenue. Because of the bitter contests in the Third and Sixteenth wards, the city committee, Burke, a friend of Hawes, and Miles, a friend of Butler, were not asked to be present.  
The other twenty-six committeemen were on hand at 8 o'clock last night. James J. Butler was there with his committee, while Mr. Hawes, Mr. Steuwer, Mr. Lemp, Election Commissioner James J. McCaffery and Police Commissioner Richard Hanlon and Andy Biong were present in opposition.  
When the caucus was called to order, Mr. Hawes arose: "Just a minute, if you please," he began. "We are all here in a caucus. When I enter a caucus I propose to be bound by it. An effort has been made to nominate a bad ticket in the city convention. If a bad ticket is nominated it will not be elected.  
"I have always been in favor of nominating high-class tickets, as the present administration of affairs shows. If we nominate a good ticket this year it will be elected by the people, who with good administration, if we discuss and decide upon candidates here to-night, I don't know whether we will get a good or bad ticket. I do not think that any of you can tell."  
"These are the conditions," I would rather go down to defeat with a good ticket, which some bad men will fight, than go down to defeat with a bad ticket which good men will fight. I move you, Mr. Chairman, that this caucus refer the nomination of a city ticket to the open city convention and adjourn to the city convention, if a bad ticket is nominated. The motion was seconded. The Butler

HAWES WINS FIRST  
DOWN FROM BUTLER

At a Caucus of the Democratic City Committee Last Night Colonel's Game Is Blocked.

## REFERRED TO CONVENTION.

Nominations for the Municipal Ticket Will Be Made Without the "Boss."

Harry R. Hawes won the first round of the fight which the Butlers are making on Circuit Attorney Folk at a caucus of the Democratic City Committee last night. It was demonstrated that the efforts which Edward Butler has been making to capture the city organization had failed, and that the men who chose to work in harmony with the Democratic nominees for Governor were in the ascendancy.  
In other words, the city ticket will be nominated in open convention, instead of by a caucus of sixteen committeemen who Butler gathered together under a pretext that he had the situation in hand. So decisive was the victory of Hawes, Steuwer, Lemp and their friends last night that it was not even necessary to count the votes of the committee members. The men great voted to sustain the proposition made by Hawes.  
As outlined in The Republic last week, James J. Butler invited sixteen city committeemen to his home on West Pine boulevard. Some of these men who were supposed to be friendly to Hawes were invited with the understanding that the entire committee would be present for a social gathering. The game was even played so far as for regrets to be made over the absence of Hawes, whom it was stated, had been invited, but was unable to be present.  
Developments of the first caucus showed that the Butlers had a scheme whereby the sixteen committeemen were to name the city ticket without interference from outside sources or organizations, meaning the Jefferson Club. As Edward Butler is conceded to have eleven members of the committee, his power to name the ticket with sixteen committeemen may readily be deduced.  
Under the Butler plan, Folk was to be humiliated by the placing of a poor nominee for Circuit Attorney on the ticket, as well as other nominees. A sufficient number of the House of Delegates were in the caucus to see that the Circuit Attorney would be to their liking.  
It was this scheme which Mr. Hawes tackled. Representatives of Mr. Folk, after conferring with Mr. Hawes, said that Mr. Folk did not propose to have them consult the Butlers regarding the make-up of the ticket, especially considering the situation. Butler's alliance with the Republican machine made that impossible, according to the views of the Circuit Attorney.

RUSSIAN GUNBOAT SEEN  
AMONG ALEUTIAN ISLANDS,  
SHELTERED FROM STORM.

Bellingham, Wash., Sept. 29.—Members of the crew of the Pacific Packing and Navigation tug C. A. Cherry, just arrived in port from Alaska, report sighting a Russian gunboat.  
A heavy storm prevailed during the second day from Nushad, and in the evening the captain of the Cherry decided it was best to tie up for the night.  
When Unimak Pass, between two islands of the Aleutian group, was reached anchor was dropped.  
The Russian gunboat was anchored in the same pass not half a mile from the Cherry. The Russians there seemed to take no notice of the boat.  
PORT ARTHUR GARRISON  
HOPES TO HOLD OUT  
UNTIL THE NEW YEAR.

VIADIVOSTOK, Sept. 29.—Private reports from Port Arthur state that the garrison there is confident of being able to hold out until the beginning of next year.  
The report is confirmed of the loss of three Japanese torpedo boats and the damaging of a Japanese cruiser by coming in contact with Russian mines.  
Continued on Page Two.

LAWYERS' CONGRESS  
FAVORS ROOSEVELT  
OVER RUSSIAN CZAR

Adopts Resolution Giving Honor of Summoning Next Peace Conference to the President.

## DECISION IS NOT BINDING.

Committee of Nations Wrangles Over the Proposition All Afternoon Before Agreeing Upon a Compromise.

## TRIAL BY JURIES DISCUSSED.

Foreign Representatives Oppose and American Delegates Uphold the Custom Followed in the Courts of United States.

VICE JUDGE G. E. FAHLKRANTZ.  
OF Stockholm, Sweden, whose address on the jury system started a hot debate.  
The National Congress of Lawyers and Jurists does not assume to itself dictatorial powers in the matter, neither does it desire to declare that its actions are necessarily binding upon either of the rulers in question; but, composed as it is of the most renowned of givers of international law, among whom are influential men of each of the nations participating in the congress, immediately after adjournment Wednesday afternoon it was organized by the election of the Honorable Wallace Nesbitt, Justice of the Supreme Court of the Dominion of Canada, and representative of the British Empire on the committee, as its chairman. They were then called into session at 9 o'clock yesterday morning to consider all the resolutions and motions which have been presented to the Congress.  
VARIOUS LANGUAGES SPOKEN.  
Then the trouble began, and with but an intermission for lunch, nearly all modern languages were jangling in an effort to reach a compromise. It is but natural that the proposition considered. But two of the

TO-DAY'S  
PROGRAMMES

AT THE  
WORLD'S FAIR.

## KANSAS DAY.

## SPECIAL EVENTS.

MORNING.  
10:30 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.—Ferry Wheel gives free rides to see Illinois exhibit.  
11:00—Meeting National Fraternal Congress, Grandmont, First Kentucky Regiment.  
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